

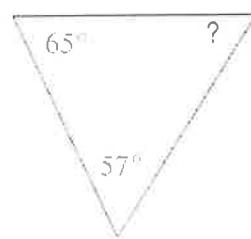
## 6-4 Triangle Properties Notes

- I can use theorems, postulates, or definitions to solve problems involving triangles.

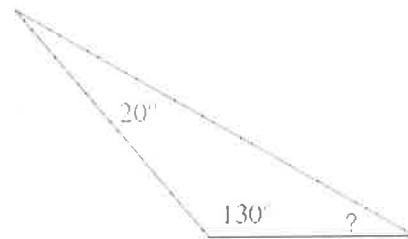
Triangle Sum Theorem: the three interior angles of every triangle sum to  $180^\circ$ .

Find the measure of each angle indicated:

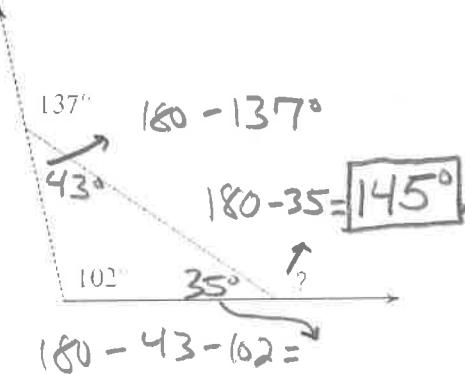
1.



2.



3.

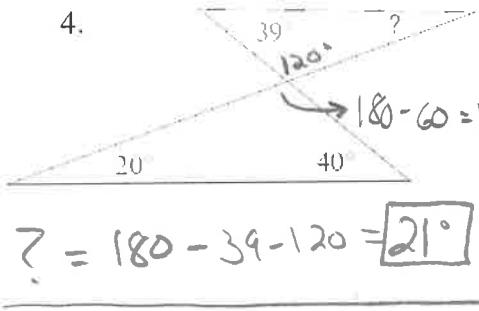


$$180 - 65 - 57 = 58^\circ$$

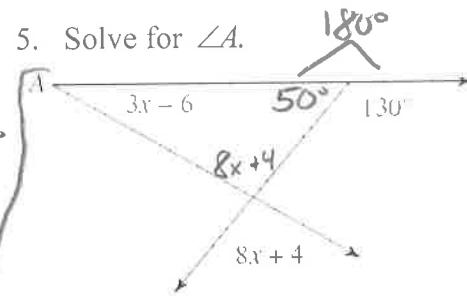
$$\text{or } 180 - (65 + 57) = 58^\circ$$

$$180 - 150 = 30^\circ$$

4.

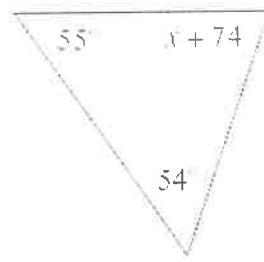


$$? = 180 - 39 - 120 = 21^\circ$$

5. Solve for  $\angle A$ .

$$\begin{aligned} m\angle A &= 3(12) - 6 \\ &= 30^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x - 6 + 8x + 4 + 50 &= 180^\circ \\ 11x + 48 &= 180 \\ 11x &= 132 \\ x &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

6. Solve for  $x$ .

$$55 + 54 + x + 74 = 180^\circ$$

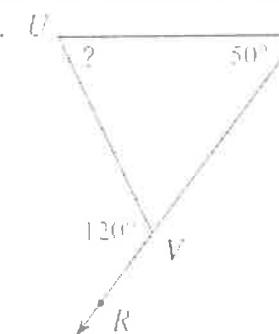
$$\begin{aligned} x + 183 &= 180^\circ \\ x &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

Exterior Angle Theorem:

the measure of an exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the measures of the remote interior angles.

Find the measure of each angle indicated:

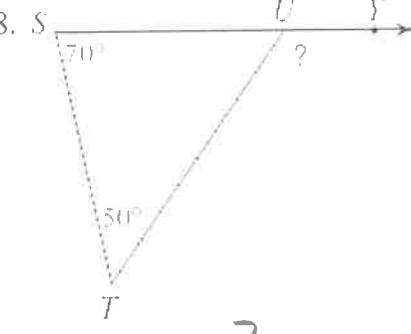
7.



$$50 + ? = 120$$

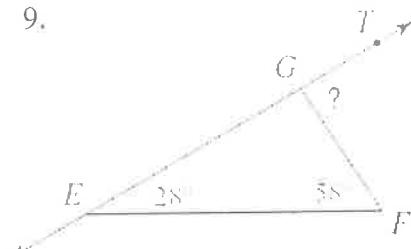
$$? = 70^\circ$$

8.



$$\begin{aligned} 70 + 50 &= ? \\ 120^\circ &= ? \end{aligned}$$

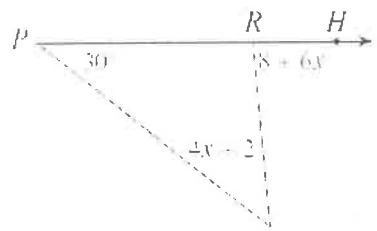
9.



$$28^\circ + 58^\circ = ?$$

$$86^\circ = ?$$

10. Find the measure of  $\angle Q$ .



$$30 + 8 + 6x = 8 + 6x$$

$$24 = 2x$$

$$12 = x$$

$$m\angle Q = 4(12) + 2 = \boxed{50^\circ}$$

Triangle Inequality:

Any side of a triangle must be shorter than the sum of the other two sides.

Could a triangle be formed with the following side lengths?

13. 3, 5, 7

Yes!

14. 20, 48, 25

No!  $48 > 25 + 20$

15. 35, 65, 35

Yes!

16. Two sides of a triangle are given. Find the range of possible measures for the third side.

a. 12 and 17

b. 23 and 35

Between 5 + 29, not including 5 + 29

Isosceles Triangle Properties:

Two congruent sides. Base angles (there are two) are congruent.

Solve for  $x$  in the following.

17.   
 $X = 7$

18.   
 $40 + 2x = 180$   
 $2x = 140$   
 $X = 70$

19.   
 $180 - 54 - 54 = 72$   
 $X = 72^\circ$

20.   
 $180 - 58 = 122$   
 $90 - 32 = 58$   
 $180 - 148 = 32$   
 $148^\circ$

21.

$-1 + x = 8$   
 $X = 9 \text{ units}$

22.  $m\angle 2 = x + 94$

$118^\circ$   
 $47^\circ$   
 $47^\circ$   
 $47^\circ$   
 $47^\circ$

Need to know SAS to do this...

$$-1 + x = 8$$

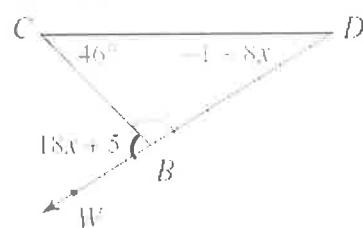
$X = 9 \text{ units}$

$$X + 94 + 47 + 47 = 180$$

$$X + 188 = 180$$

$$X = -8$$

12. Find the measure of  $\angle C$ .

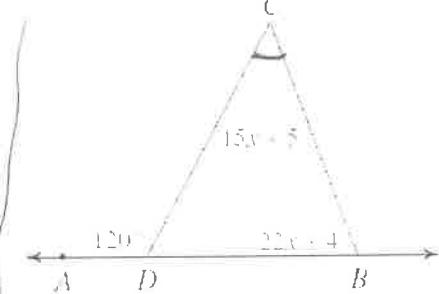


$$46 + -1 + 8x = 18x + 5$$

$$40 = 10x$$

$$4 = x$$

$$m\angle CBW = 18(4) + 5 = \boxed{77^\circ}$$



$$15x + 5 + 22x + 4 = 120$$

$$37x + 9 = 120$$

$$37x = 111$$

$$x = 3$$

$$m\angle C = 15(3) + 5$$

$$= \boxed{50^\circ}$$

23.  $m\angle 2 = 12x + 4$

$118^\circ$   
 $62^\circ$   
 $62^\circ$   
 $28^\circ$   
 $28^\circ$   
 $28^\circ$

$180 - 118 = 62^\circ$   
 $m\angle 2 = 180 - 28 - 28$   
 $= 124^\circ$